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Fertilization Guide for Central Florida Turfgrasses Maintained Without the Benefit of a Soil Test

Turfgrass	Maintenance Level	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Bahia	Basic	--	--	C	--	N	--	--	--	C	--	--	--
	Moderate	--	--	C	--	N	--	Fe	--	--	C	--	--
	High	--	--	C	N	--	SRN	--	Fe	--	C	--	--
Bermuda-grass	Basic	--	--	C	--	N	--	SRN	--	C	--	--	--
	Moderate	--	--	C	--	N	--	SRN	--	SRN	--	C	--
	High	--	--	C	N	SRN	--	C	Fe	SRN	--	C	--

Turfgrass	Maintenance Level	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
St. Augustine-grass	Basic	--	--	C	--	--	--	Fe	--	C	--	--	--
	Moderate	--	--	C	--	SRN	--	Fe	SRN	--	C	--	--
	High	--	C	--	N	SRN	--	Fe	SRN	--	C	--	--
Zoysiagrass	Basic	--	--	C	--	SRN	--	--	--	C	--	--	--
	Moderate	--	--	C	--	SRN	--	--	SRN	--	--	C	--
	High	--	C	--	N	SRN	--	SRN	--	N	--	C	--

C=Complete fertilizer applied at 1 pound N per 1000 sq. ft. containing a 50% soluble and 50% slow-release N.

N=soluble Nitrogen applied at 0.5 pounds of N per 1000 sq. ft.

SRN=slow release N applied at 1 pound of N per 1000 sq. ft.

Fe=apply iron to provide dark green color without stimulating excessive growth. For foliar applications use ferrous sulfate (2 oz/3-5gal water/1000 sq. ft.) If the Fe is applied to an acidic soil, use 1 pound of iron sulfate per 1000 sq. ft. If the soil is calcareous, use the container label recommended rate of an iron chelate.